A new, dynamic concept of health &
its operationalisation into ‘Positive Health’

_Beyond prevention, towards strengthening health and resilience_

VIRK - 4. May 2018
Machteld Huber MD PhD
PERSPECTIVE ON (AFFORDABLE) CARE SYSTEMS IN THE FUTURE

Now

Later

With medical advice
Close to the people

Selfmanagement
(eHealth & prevention)

Integrated first line
Self-management

Integrated first

Mental care
Hospital Cure
Longterm care

Bron: Menzis, Bas Leerink, Raad van Bestuur
What do we know about ‘Health’?
3 perspectives .....
1. BLUE ZONES:

Areas around the world where people get very old (over 100 years) without chronic diseases and without mental retardation:

**Clues:** Nutrition, natural movement, getting up with an ideal and having friends to realize the ideal.
2. Sense of Coherence (SOC) - Antonovsky

People with SOC survive and endure heavy experiences relatively well ....

The essence: people with a Sense of Coherence have
- Comprehensibility
- Manageability
- Meaningfulness

The opposite is:
- Confusion
- Feeling a victim
- Meaninglessness
‘HEALTH’ IS STILL DEFINED BY THE WHO-DEFINITION OF 1948:

‘A state of complete physical, mental, and social well-being and not merely the absence of disease, or infirmity.’

Since then often criticized, but never changed.
Pearlfilm

http://youtu.be/qoJ_zywh9uM
PROPOSED AS ‘GENERAL CONCEPT’:

‘Health as the ability to adapt and to self manage, in the face of social, physical and emotional challenges’

THE FOLLOW-UP STUDY:

The Netherlands Organization for Health Research & Development (ZonMw) asked to evaluate the support for this concept:

‘Health as the ability to adapt and to self manage, in the face of social, physical and emotional challenges’

and work towards operationalisation.
7 Stakeholder groups were approached:

1. Patients
2. Healthcare professionals
3. Policymakers
4. Health Insurances
5. Public Health professionals
6. Citizens
7. Researchers

In a qualitative and a quantitative study.
THE QUALITATIVE PART OF THE STUDY:

In 50 semi-structured interviews and focus groups 3 questions were posed:

1. What do you consider **positive** and **negative** about this new concept of health?

2. What are to you **indicators** for health?

3. Do your indicators and the concept **match**?
RESULTS OF THE QUALITATIVE PART:

**Question 1:** Your opinion about the new concept?

**Positive:**

• *The focus is on the person, not on the disease.*

• *As a patient, I feel addressed in my strength instead of in my weakness.*

• *Besides having a diagnosis, I experience a lot of healthiness and that is being addressed by this.*

• *It emphasizes the potential.*
RESULTS OF THE QUALITATIVE PART:

**Question 1**: Your opinion about the new concept?

**Negative:**

- *What about disease with this description?*

- *Is everybody capable of this?* Large groups do lack the basis health literacy that is needed for this.

- *How about the social environment, or should everyone manage by him/herself?*
ADVISE:

Take health, not as an aim in itself, but as a means to ..... a meaningful life!
RESULTS OF THE QUALITATIVE PART:

**Question 2: Indicators** of health

- In total *556 indicators of health* from seven stakeholder domains were collected.

- These were concentrated and *categorized* in a *consensus process* in cooperation with two independent researchers of Research Institute NIVEL.

- This resulted in *six main dimensions* of health, differentiated into *32 aspects*. 
RESULTS OF THE QUALITITATIVE PART

The six main dimensions of health:

- Bodily functions
- Mental functions & perception
- Spiritual-existential dimension
- Quality of Life
- Social & societal participation
- Daily functioning
Main dimensions of health and connected aspects:

- **Bodily functions**
  - Medical facts
  - Medical observations
  - Physical functioning
  - Complaints and pain
  - Energy

- **Mental functions & perception**
  - Cognitive functioning
  - Emotional state
  - Esteem/self respect
  - In control/ manageability
  - Self-management
  - Resilience & ‘sense of coherence’

- **Spiritual-existential dimension**
  - Meaning/purpose meaningfulness
  - Striving for aims/ideals
  - Future prospects
  - Acceptation
Main dimensions of health and connected aspects:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Quality of life</th>
<th>Social &amp; societal participation</th>
<th>Daily functioning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Quality of life/well being</td>
<td>• Social and communicative skills</td>
<td>• Basis ADL (Activities of Daily Living)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Happiness</td>
<td>• Social contacts</td>
<td>• Instrumental ADL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Enjoyment</td>
<td>• Meaningful relationships</td>
<td>• Ability to work</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Perceived health</td>
<td>• Being accepted</td>
<td>• Health literacy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Flourishing</td>
<td>• Community involvement</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Zest for life</td>
<td>• Meaningful work</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Balance</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** The question was about *indicators*, collected *bottom-up*, but many *patients* mentioned that these factors made them healthy, so identified them also as *determinants*. 
RESULTS OF THE QUANTITATIVE PART:

Based on the qualitative results a survey questionnaire was established, evaluating the outcomes of the qualitative part.

The response counted 1938 reactions:
- 643 Healthcare professionals (doctors, physiotherapists, nurses) (panels)
- 575 Patients (panel)
- 430 Citizens (panel)
- 106 Researchers
- 89 Public health actors
- 80 Policymakers
- 15 Insurers
RESULTS OF THE QUANTITATIVE PART:

➢ Generally the positive and negative opinions were confirmed.

➢ Concerning the question how important the 32 aspects are as being contained in ‘health’:
RESULTS OF THE QUANTITATIVE PART

Mean score per dimension for different stakeholder groups

- Healthcare providers (n=643)
- Patients (n=575)
- Citizens (n=430)
- Policy makers (n=80)
- Insurers (n=15)
- Public health actors (n=89)
- Researchers (n=106)
RESULTS OF THE QUANTITATIVE PART

Mean score per dimension for patients and healthcare providers

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Dimensions</th>
<th>Stakeholder groups</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bodily functions</td>
<td>Doctors (n=317)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mental functions &amp; perception</td>
<td>Nurses (n=110)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spiritual dimension</td>
<td>Physiotherapists (n=216)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quality of life</td>
<td>Patients (n=575)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Social &amp; societal participation</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Daily functioning</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
RESULTS OF THE QUANTITATIVE PART

Mean score per dimension for different levels of education

- **Bodily functions**
- **Mental functions & perception**
- **Spiritual & existential dimension**
- **Quality of life**
- **Social & societal participation**
- **Daily functioning**

Level of education:
- Academic education (n=702)
- Higher vocational education (n=577)
- Intermediate vocational education (n=449)
- Lower vocational education (n=50)
- Primary school (n=120)
RESULTS OF THE QUANTITATIVE PART

Mean score per dimension for all respondents with or without a chronic disease

- Having (had) a chronic disease
  - Yes (n=1074)
  - No (n=964)

Dimensions:
- Bodily functions
- Mental functions & perception
- Spiritual & existential dimension
- Quality of life
- Social & societal participation
- Daily functioning

Mean score range from 6.00 to 8.00
CONCLUSIONS

➢ Discrimination is needed between the ‘narrow’ interpretation of ‘health as absence from disease’ and the ‘broad’ minterpretation with six dimensions.

➢ For the broad interpretation we did choose the concept of Positive health!

➢ And visualised the six main dimensions into a spiderweb-diagram
PILLARS FOR POSITIVE HEALTH

BODILY FUNCTIONS
- Medical facts
- Medical observations
- Physical functioning
- Complaints and pain
- Energy

DAILY FUNCTIONING
- Basis ADL (Activities of Daily Living)
- Instrumental ADL
- Ability to work
- Health literacy

SOCIAL - SOCIETAL PARTICIPATION
- Social and communicative skills
- Social contacts
- Meaningful relationships
- Experiencing to be accepted
- Community involvement
- Meaningful work/occupation

MENTAL WELL-BEING
- Cognitive functioning
- Emotional state
- Esteem/self-respect
- Experiencing to be in charge/manageability
- Self-management
- Understanding one’s situation/comprehensibility
- Resilience

QUALITY OF LIFE
- Quality of life/well-being
- Experiencing happiness
- Enjoyment
- Perceived health
- Flourishing
- Zest for life
- Balance

MEANINGFULNESS
- Purpose/meaningfulness
- Striving for aims/ideals
- Future prospects
- Acceptance
ESSENCE:

- NO external norm! **Personal evaluation of the situation.**
  
  A ‘health surface’ becomes visible.

- Question: **What would you like to change?**

- Then supporting the person with **actions** that he or she can do themselves.

- The score, the ‘health surface’, could change in the following way:
THIS RESEARCH WAS PUBLISHED AS:


The elaboration into practice in The Netherlands:
NEXT STEPS ...

Development of a validated digital measurement tool Positive Health, for individual use and for monitoring in Public Health.

Financed by insurance Company VGZ

A University Centre started to work on it....
But we ran into problems, with the present scientific approach..!
The experienced reality  versus  the classified reality
NEXT STEPS …

Instead of a measurement tool we developed now a digital ‘dialogue tool’ with a more simple terminology, to be used in contact with your doctor or someone else.

Six dimensions with seven questions each and Apps with advise…. (still in Dutch)

[Website link: www.mijnpositievegezondheid.nl]
MY POSITIVE HEALTH

**BODILY FUNCTIONS**
- Feeling healthy
- Feeling fit
- Having complaints and/or pain
- Sleeping pattern
- Eating pattern
- Physical condition
- Exercise

**MENTAL WELL-BEING**
- Being able to remember things
- Being able to concentrate
- Being able to communicate
- Being cheerful
- Accepting yourself
- Being able to handle changes
- Having controle

**PARTICIPATION**
- Social contacts
- Being taken seriously
- Doing fun things together
- Having the support of others
- Belonging
- Doing meaningful things
- Being interested in society

**MEANINGFULNESS**
- Having a meaningful life
- Being high-spirited
- Wanting to achieve ideals
- Feeling confident about
- Accepting life
- Being grateful
- Continue learning

**QUALITY OF LIFE**
- Enjoyment
- Being happy
- Feeling good
- Feeling well-balanced
- Feeling safe
- Living conditions
- Having enough money
Positive Health is about 3 elements:

1. The broad reflection on your life - ‘My spiderweb’

2. The ‘different conversation’ - What matters really to you?
   - What would you like to change?

3. The availability of applicable and practical ‘Actions’ which the person choses him/herself and coaching on that.
What can be the value of this approach?

*In Positive Health the principles of the Blue Zones en the Sense of Coherence are included.*

- It touches *nutrition, movement, meaning and social embeddedness*
- It helps people to get an *overview* of their life - *comprehensibility*.
- It helps people to get *grip* on their lives - *manageability*.
- It addresses *meaningfullness* in the overall approach.
IN NL GREAT ENTHUSIASM AND SUPPORT ...

Broad enthusiasm to work with Positive Health:

- In Public Health
- Regions / Province of Limburg
- GP’s & Hospitals
- Homecare
- Professionals – nurses, physiotherapists, Federation of medical specialists
- Longterm care
- Professional education
- Youth Health Care & Healthy School > Childtool was developed
- Patient organisations
- Elderly organisations
- Insurance doctors
- Municipalities
- Refugee care > a tool for refugees in development
- City Architects / Landschape architects

MOTIVATION: This works integrating and enhances quality
CEO’s of HEALTH INSURANCES SIGN A CONTRACT
Ik voel me goed

Vraag: 1 van 39

[Emoji selectie]

0 5 10

Klopt niet

[Selectie: Deze vraag overslaan]

Volgende

kind.mijnpositievegezondheid.nl
Hoe werkt het?

U geeft een cijfer bij de stellingen. Daarbij gaat het niet alleen om hoe u zich voelt en of u zich voldoende kunt redden in het dagelijks leven. Heeft u bijvoorbeeld goed contact met familie, vrienden of bekenden? Is er hulp wanneer dat nodig is?

Voelt u zich tevreden, gelukkig of misschien eenzaam? Beleef u voldoende plezier aan hobby’s of andere bezigheden? En lukt het u om alle dagelijkse dingen te doen, zoals koffiezetten, zich wassen of het huishouden doen?

Hieronder ziet u de zes stellingen. U geeft iedere stelling een rapportcijfer van 1 tot 10, waarbij 10 het hoogst is. Dit geeft een beeld van hoe u uw eigen gezondheid ziet. Na het invullen kunt u, als u dat wilt, samen met uw huisarts de stellingen doornemen en de cijfers die u hebt gegeven bespreken.

- Ik voel mij gezond
- Ik voel mij vrolijk
- Ik heb vertrouwen in mijn eigen toekomst
- Ik geniet van mijn leven
- Ik heb goed contact met andere mensen
- Ik kan goed voor mijzelf zorgen
“Samen beter ”
Centrum voor Positieve Gezondheid in Meppel

“Wij werken samen aan uw gezondheid, samen met een team hulpverleners maar vooral samen met u zelf. Door een positieve benadering zetten wij u in uw kracht waardoor u zo prettig mogelijk kunt leven.”

Met meer dan 25 zorgdisciplines binnen de eerste en nulde lijn in huis zijn we in staat een breed aanbod van zorg te leveren.

Doordat wij allen volgens de zelfde visie werken en samenwerken ontstaan er regelmatig nieuwe projecten.

Positieve Gezondheid komt terug in de bouw van het centrum in de vorm van 6 (domein)kleuren vleugels in het gebouw en een centraal ontmoetingsplein.
Positive Health:

Enhancing resilient and meaningful living ....
.... in a supportive environment!
Thank you for your attention!

www.ipositivehealth.com (still in Dutch)